SYLLABUS

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.
- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Identify the significance of communicative English	 Communication What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals? 	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/ communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks

П	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	 Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	 Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech – Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts 	• Through _check your understanding' exercises
			 Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions 	
			•	•

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	(Hrs) 5 (T)	0	 Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation 	5 5	Methods Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information
					 opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/ doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
V	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions 	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis 	 Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar 	Grammar activities	reading and interpretation • Notes/Reports
VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	 Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports 	• Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

Books Recommended

1. Living English Grammar & Composition Tickoo M.L. & Subramanian A.E, Oriental Longman, New Delhi.

2. English for practical purposes Valke, Thorat Patil & Merchant, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi.

3. Enriching your competence in English, by Thorat, Valke, Orient Publication, Pune

4. English Grammar & Composition Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publications-2005, Delhi.

5.Selva Rose, Carrier English for Nurses, 1st edition -1999, published by Orient Long man Pvt. Ltd. – 1997, Chennai.

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods <u>EXAMINATION SCHEME</u>

S.No.	Course/Subject Title	Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
1.	Communicative English	25	25		2	50

EVALUATION: INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Theory/ Practical Exams	Total Marks
1.	Communicative English	10	15	25

1	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off
				011	IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	-
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	1.5 marks, 8	(95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)		
	Total		255		25
	ks of each component to be ro		-		
colur (15+1	nns marks and the final IA need (10).	to be calculated	l out of 25		

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: | SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normalstructure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	8 (T)	Define the terms relative to the	 Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, 	 Lecture cum Discussion Use of models 	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
		anatomical position	superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine, palmar and plantar	Video demonstration	
		Describe the anatomical planes	• Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/ horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane)	 Use of microscopic slides 	
		Define and describe the terms used to describe movements	• Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction	• Lecture cum Discussion	
			• Cell structure, Cell division	• Video/Slides	

		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands	 Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands – classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage 	• Anatomical Torso	
		Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	 Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing 		
Π	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Models Video/Slides 	Short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure of digestive system	 The Digestive system Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video/Slides Anatomical Torso 	Short answerObjective type
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure of circulatory and lymphatic system.	 The Circulatory and Lymphatic system Structure of blood components, blood vessels Arterial and Venous system Position of heart relative to the associated structures Chambers of heart, layers of heart Heart valves, coronary arteries Nerve and blood supply to heart Lymphatic tissue Veins used for IV injections Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Models Video/Slides 	Short answerMCQ
V	4 (T)	Identify the major endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	 The Endocrine system Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands 	LectureModels/charts	Short answerObjective type
VI	4 (Describe the structure of various sensory organs	 The Sensory organs Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with Video/ models/charts 	Short answerMCQ

VII	10 (T)		The Musculoskeletal system:	• Review –	• Short answer
		position and structure of bones and joints		discussion	• Objective type
			The Skeletal system	• Lecture	
		Identify major bones	 Anatomical positions 	 Discussions 	
		that make up the axial		• Explain using charts, skeleton	
		and appendicular skeleton	 Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification 	and loose bones and torso	
		Classify the joints	 Axial and appendicular skeleton 	 Identifying muscles involved in murring 	
		Identify the application and		nursing procedures in	
	implications in nursing	 Joints – classification, major joints and structure 	lab		
		Describe the structure of muscle	 Application and implications in nursing 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	The Renal systemStructure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethraApplication and implication in nursing	LectureModels/charts	MCQShort answer

IX	5 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast 	LectureModels/charts	MCQShort answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	 MCQ Short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness" 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.

2. Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V. Mosby Co., London.

- 3. Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
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- 5. Tortora, (2003), "Principles of Anatomy & Physiology," 10th ed., Wiley inter.
- 6. Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7. Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P. Publications.

8. Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall International Inc., Appleton and Lange.

9. Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9 th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd

10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2 nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

5	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th				
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6 Attendance (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)					
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25					
(15+1	(0).				

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR WRITTEN ASSIGNMENT

Name of student: -

Name of evaluator: -

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Format	03	
2	Objective	02	
3	Setting	02	
4	Bibliography	01	
5	Summary and Evaluation	02	
	Total	10	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR SEMINAR/ MICROTEACHING/ INDIVIDUAL PRESENTATION

Name of topic: _____Date: _____Da

Sr no.	Criteria	Marks Allotted	Marks Obtained
1	Introduction	01	
2	Organization of Content	01	
3	Presentation of topic	01	
4	Relevant examples	01	
5	Relevant statistical data	01	
6	Group participation	01	
7	AV Aids	01	
8	Use of Modern technology	01	
9	Physical facilities	01	
10	Personal Appearance and Mannerisms	01	
11	Voice & Clarity	01	
12	References	01	
	TOTAL	12	

General Remarks of the Teacher:

Remarks for Improvement:

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SIGNATURE OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR GROUP PROJECT/WORK/REPORT

Name of Student: -

Name of Evaluator: -

Mark: 06

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Organization	01	
2	Adequacy of content	01	
3	Neatness	01	
4	Presentation	02	
5	Summary and Evaluation	01	
	Total	06	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CLINICAL PRESENTATION

Name of student :-

Name of evaluator :-

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Format	02	
2	Objective	01	
3	Setting	01	
4	A.V Aids	01	
5	Communication skills	02	
6	Bibliography	01	
7	Summary and Evaluation	02	
	Total	10	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR DRUG PRESENTATION AND REPORT

Name of Student: -

Name of Evaluator: -

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Content	02	
2	Organization	02	
3	Nursing responsibility	02	
4	Resource used	01	
5	Completeness	01	
6	Neatness	01	
7	Bibliography	01	
	Total	10	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR CASE STUDY REPORT

Name of student: -

Name of evaluator: -

Mark: 10

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Assessment/Introduction	01	
2	Knowledge and Understanding of Disease	02	
3	Nursing Care Plan	02	
4	Discharge plan	01	
5	Prognosis	01	
6	Summary and Evaluation	02	
7	Bibliography	01	
	Total	10	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

CLINICAL EVALUATION PERFORMA

Name of the student:
Year:
Subject:
Area of clinical experience:
Duration of posting in weeks:
Name of the supervisor:

Total Marks: - 10

Scores:- 5 = Excellent, 4 = Very good, 3 = Good, 2 = Satisfactory / fair, 1 = Poor

Sr.No.	EVALUATION CRITERIA	MARKS ALLOTTED	MARKS OBTAINED
I.	 Personal & Professional behavior Wears clean & neat uniform and well groomed. Arrives and leaves punctually. Demonstrates understanding of the need for quietness in speech & manner & protects the patient from undue notice. Influential & displaced persuasive assertive leadership behavior 	02	
11.	 Attitude to Co-workers and patients Works well as member of nursing team. Gives assistance to other in clinical situations. Understands the patient as an individual. Shows skills in gaining the confidence & cooperation of patients and relatives, tactful and considerate. 	02	
III.	 Application of knowledge Possess sound knowledge of medical surgical conditions. Has sound knowledge of scientific principles. Able to correlate theory with practice. 	02	

	 Has knowledge of current treatment modalities inclusive of medicine, surgery, pharmacology and dietetics. Takes interest in new learning from current literature & seeks help from resourceful people. 		
	 Nursing Process Assessment and Nursing Diagnosis Planning Implementation Evaluation Documentation 	02	
IV.	 Quality of clinical skill Identifies problems & sets priorities and grasps essentials while performing duties. Applies principles in carrying out procedures& carries out duties promptly. Has technical competence in performing nursing procedures. Resourceful and practices economy of time material and energy. Observes carefully, reports & records signs & symptoms & other relevant information. Uses opportunities to give health education to patients & relatives 	02	
	Grant Total	10	

Remarks for improvement:

Student's Remark:

Signature of the student

Signature of the teacher

EVALUATION PERFORMA FOR OSCE

Name of Student: -

Name of Evaluator: -

Mark: 05

SR.NO	CRITERIA	MARK ALLOTTED	MARK OBTAINED
1	Identifies problems & sets priorities	01	
2	Applies Scientific principles	01	
3	Competence in performing Nursing	01	
	procedures.		
4	Resourceful and practices economy of time	01	
	material and energy.		
5	Recording and Reporting	01	
6	Uses opportunities to give health education to		
	patients & relatives		
	Total	05	

Remarks:_____

SIGN OF STUDENT

COMPLETION OF PROCEDUREAND CLINICAL REQUIREMENT

Total Marks: - 03

Sr. No.	EVALUATION CRITERIA	MARKS ALLOTTED	MARKS OBTAINED
I.	Personal & Professional behavior	0.5	
II.	Attitude to Co-workers and patients	0.5	
III.	Application of knowledge	0.5	
IV.	Quality of clinical skill	1.5	
	Total		

Remarks for Improvement:

Student's Remark:

Signature of the Student

Signature of the Teacher

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- 4. Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ι	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum Discussion Video demonstrations 	QuizMCQShort answer
Π	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration	Respiratory systemFunctions of respiratory organsPhysiology of respiration	LectureVideo slides	EssayShort answerMCQ

			 Normal value and variations Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise 		
			 Heart rate – regulation of neart rate Normal value and variations 		
			 Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation Heart rate – regulation of heart rate 		
			Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse		
			Blood pressure and Pulse		
		physiology of circulation	output	Video/Slides	
		heart, and	cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac	• Discussion	• MCQ
Unit		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		functions of the	• Functions of heart, conduction system,		
IV	6 (T)	Explain the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system	• Lecture	Short answer
			 Application and implications in nursing 		
			• Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food		
			Movements of alimentary tract		
			 Secretion and function of small and large intestine 		
			Composition of bile and function		
			• Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas		
			• Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion		
			• Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion		
			• Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva		• MCQ
		digestive system	Functions of the organs of digestive tract	 Video slides 	Short answer
III	8 (T)	Describe the functions of	Digestive system	Lecture cum Discussion	• Essay
			Application and implication in nursing		
			 Respiratory changes during exercise 		
			 Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing 		
		mechanism of breathing	Regulation of respiration		
		examine their contribution to the	 Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue 		
		muscles of respiration and	Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases		
		Identify the	 Pulmonary circulation – functional features 		

	and posture	
	 Application and implication in nursing 	

V	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics	• Discussion	• Short answer
			 Formation of blood cells 	• Videos	• MCQ
			• Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC – types, functions		
			 Platelets – Function and production of platelets 		
			• Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			• Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			• Blood groups and types		
			 Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity 		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	• Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. 	• Explain using charts	• MCQ
			• Other hormones		
			• Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	• Short answer
		structure of various sensory	Functions of skin	• Video	• MCQ
		organs	• Vision, hearing, taste and smell		
			• Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the functions of	Musculoskeletal system	• Lecture	• Structured essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
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IX	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of renal system	 Renal system Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis GFR Eventions of context bladden and context and conte	LectureCharts and models	Short answerMCQ
			 Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra Micturition Regulation of renal function Application and implication in nursing 		
X	4 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	 The Reproductive system Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen Application and implication in providing nursing care 	 Lecture Explain using charts, models, specimens 	Short answerMCQ

XI	8 (T)	Describe the functions of brain, physiology of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	 Nervous system Overview of nervous system Review of types, structure and functions of neurons Nerve impulse Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum Sensory and Motor Nervous system Peripheral Nervous system Autonomic Nervous system Limbic system and higher mental Functions-Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus Vestibular apparatus Functions of cranial nerves Autonomic functions Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	 Brief structured essays Short answer MCQ Critical reflection
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Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing 		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness" 10th ed., Churchill Livingstone.

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	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off
				UII	IA
1.	Class Test I	·	50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6.	Attendance (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)			2	
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective					
colun	nns marks and the final IA need t				
(15+1	10).				

Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociologyand its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing	Definition, nature and scope of sociologySignificance of sociology in nursing	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer
П	15 (T)	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse 	• Lecture cum Discussion	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community. Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities Importance of social structure in nursing profession 		
Ш	8 (T)	Describe culture and its impact on health and disease	 profession Culture Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture Diversity and uniformity of culture Difference between culture and civilization Culture and socialization Transcultural society Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease 	 Lecture Panel discussion 	EssayShort answer
IV	8 (T)	Explain family, marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family and Marriage Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage Legislation on Indian marriage and family. Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 	• Lecture	 Essay Short answer Case study report
V	8 (T)	Explain different types of caste and classes in society and its influence on health	 Social stratification Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification Function of stratification Indian caste system – origin and characteristics Positive and negative impact of caste in society. Class system and status Social mobility-meaning and types Race – concept, criteria of racial classification Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 	 Lecture Panel discussion 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	15 (T)	Explain social organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 Social organization and disorganization Social organization – meaning, elements and types Voluntary associations Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. Interrelationship of institutions Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control 	 Lecture Group discussion Observational visit 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programs in India 		
VII	5 (T)	Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention 	 Lecture, Group discussion Role play 	EssayShort answer

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Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

S	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off
1.	Class Test I		50 marks	30	IA Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75 Marks	30	
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual 2 presentation		50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance	2			
	ks of each component to be ro nns marks and the final IA need (10).				

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answer
П	4 (T)	Describe biology of human behaviour	 Biological basis of behavior –Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer

III	5 (T)	Describe mentally healthy person and defense mechanism s	 Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health 	LectureCase discussionRole play	EssayShort answerObjective type
			 strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping Dealing with ego 		
IV	7 (T)	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	 Developmental psychology Physical, psychosocial and cognitive development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of 	 Lecture Group discussion 	EssayShort answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 children Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable groups 		
V		Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality Alteration in personality Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Essay and short answerObjective type

VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	 Cognitive process Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes 	 Lecture Discussion 	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	 Motivation and emotional processes Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping 	 Lecture Group discussion 	Essay and short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 		

VIII		Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society Presentation skills, social atiquette 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	 Short answer Assessment of practice Essay and short answer
			 Applying soft skill to workplace and society Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 		
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment 	LectureDiscussion	Short answerObjective type
			Self-empowerment development	• Discussion	• Objective type
			• Importance of women's empowerment in society		
			 Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others		

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Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

5	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off
					IA
1.	Class Test I	·	50 marks	30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual presentation	2	50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance		marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, rk, <80: 0)	2	
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25					
(15+1	0).				

NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER

THEORY: 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required toprovide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, SL – Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teahing/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	concept of health and illness		Discussion	Essay Short answer Objective type

II	5 (T)	Describe the levels	Health Care Delivery Systems –	• Lecture	• Essay
		of illness prevention and care,	Introduction of Basic Concepts &	 Discussion 	• Short answer
		health care services	Meanings		 Objective
			• Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary		type
			• Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary		
			• Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities		
			 Hospitals – Types, Organization and Functions 		
			 Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role 		
III	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing	History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession	• Lecture	• Essay
		ituising	History of Nursing, History of Nursing	 Discussion 	• Short answers
		Explain the	in India	• Case discussion	• Objective
		concept, nature and	Contributions of Florence Nightingale	• Role plays	type
		scope of nursing	• Nursing – Definition – Nurse,		
			Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature		
		Describe values, code of ethics and	and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing		
		professional	practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing		
		conduct for nurses in India	personnel		
			 Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession 		
			 Values – Introduction – meaning and importance 		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction		
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles,	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (52)	and types of	Communication – Levels, Elements	 Discussion 	• Short answer
		communication	and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication	• Role play and video film on Therapeutic Communication	 Objective type
			Methods of effective communication (theorem on)		
		non-therapeutic and professional	communication/therapeu tic communication		
		communication	techniques		
			Barriers to effective communication/non- therapeutic		
		Communicate	communication techniques		
		effectively with patients, their	Professional communication		
		families and team members	 Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases 		
			• Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members		
			Maintaining effective human relations and communication with walnership		
			and communication with vulnerable	l	

		groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)		
V 4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record- keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording Guidelines for documentation Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI	15 (T)	Describe principles	Vital signs	• Lecture	• Essay
	20	and techniques of monitoring and	 Guidelines for taking vital signs 	• Discussion	• Short answer
	(SL)	maintaining vital	• Body temperature –	• Demonstration &	 Objective
		signs	 Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature 	Re-demonstration	typeDocument the
			 Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique 		given values of
			 ○ Temperature alterations – Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia 		temperature, pulse, and respiration in the graphic
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet • OSCE
			 Nursing Management 		OBCE
			\circ Hot and Cold applications		
			• Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record	 Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique 		
		vital signs accurately	• Alterations in pulse		
			• Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			• Assessment of respirations – technique		
			• Arterial Oxygen saturation		
			• Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			 Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment 		
			 Alterations in Blood Pressure 		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
		and linen	• Types – Disposables and reusable		
			 Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture 		
			 Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	10 (T) 3 (SL)	principles and techniques of	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (SL)		• Nature of infection	 Discussion 	• Short answer
		and biomedical	Chain of infection	• Demonstration	 Objective type
		waste management	• Types of infection	 Observation of autoclaving and 	.JPC
			Stages of infection	other sterilization	
			 Factors increasing susceptibility to 	techniques	
			infection	• Video presentation on medical &	
			 Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response 	surgical asepsis	
			 Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection) 		
			Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis		
			Precautions		
		Hand Hygiene(Hand washing and use of hand Rub)	Hand Hygiene		
			• Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
			Standard precautions		
			Biomedical Waste management		
			• Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction		
13/	15 (T)				
IX	15 (T)	Identify and meet the comfort needs	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay
	15 (SL)	of the patients	• Comfort	 Discussion 	 Short answer
			• Factors Influencing Comfort	• Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Objective type
			 Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE
			 Therapeutic positions 		
			 Comfort devices 		
			• Sleep and Rest		
			 Physiology of sleep 		
			 Factors affecting sleep 		
			 Promoting Rest and sleep 		
			○ Sleep Disorders		
			• Pain (Discomfort)		
			o Physiology		
			• Common cause of pain		
			○ Types		
			 Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales 		
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS 		

			devices, PCA		1
			 Invasive techniques of pain 		
			management		
			• Any other newer measures		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 		
			icums inclumes)		
X	5 (T)	Describe the	Durant time Cafeta in Health Came		
			Promoting Safety in Health Care	• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)		Environment	 Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answer
		concept of patient			-
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	Environment • Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control • Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices – Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices – Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices – Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective
		concept of patient	 Environment Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents Fall Risk Assessment Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Safety devices – Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective

XI	6 (T) 2 (SL)	Explain and perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	 Hospital Admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit Admission bed Admission procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
XII	8 (T) 10 (SL)	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Discharge procedure Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Care of the unit after discharge Mobility and Immobility • Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & 	EssayShort answerObjective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Unit		Learning Outcomes	 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking 		
			 Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints 		
XIII	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education	 Patient education Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching 	DiscussionRole plays	EssayShort answerObjective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	 First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks × 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB

Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient
13.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)	 Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship 		• OSCE
		Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members	 Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report 		
		Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	○ Written report		
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs	<i>Vital signs</i>Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet	• Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	clinical skills using checklist
		Care for patients with altered vital signs	 Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary) Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses) 		• OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration 		
			 Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging 		
			• Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter		
			Infection control in Clinical settings • Hand hygiene		
			• Use of PPE		
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
			Comfort, Rest & Sleep		• OSCE
			Bed making-		
			• Open		
			 Closed Occupied 		
			<u>^</u>		
			• Post-operative		

10 weeks × 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

	caring for patients with restricted mobility	 Range of Motion Exercises Assist patient in: Moving 	• Individual teaching-1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
2	Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient Demonstrate skill in	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and Immobility and Patient education Hospital Admission and discharge Perform & Document: • Admission • Transfer • Planned Discharge Mobility and Immobility	• Individual	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE Assessment of
	Provide safe and clean environment	 Cardiac bed Fracture bed Comfort devices Pillows Over bed table/cardiac table Back rest Bed Cradle Therapeutic Positions Supine Fowlers (low, semi, high) Lateral Prone Sim's Trendelenburg Dorsal recumbent Lithotomy Knee chest Pain assessment and provision for comfort Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Care of Patient's Unit Use of Safety devices: Side Rails Restraints (Physical) Fall risk assessment and Post Fall Assessment 	• Fall risk assessment-1	

Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
	Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) Patient education 		
1				
	Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	 Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin 	completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if	Assessment of clinical skills using checklist • OSCE (first aid competencies)
		(in Weeks) Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles 1 Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid	(in Weeks)SSkills (Supervised Clinical Practice)Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principleso Turning LogrollingChanging position of helpless patiento Turning LogrollingChanging position of helpless patiento Turning Changing position of helpless patientImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: State Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesSkillsImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and EmergenciesImage: Skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and	(in Weeks)SSkills (Supervised Clinical Practice)RequirementsPlan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principleso Turning o Logrolling • Changing position of helpless patient • Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) Patient educationo Module completion1Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergenciesFirst aid and Emergencies • Bandaging Techniques • Bandages: • CircularModule completion National Disaster • Spiral • Reverse-Spiral • Spiral • Reverset • Spiral • Reverset • Spiral • Reverset • Spiral • Spiral • Spiral • Spiral • Reverset • Figure of Eight • Special Bandages: • Caplin • Special Bandage • Shoulder Spica • Thumb spica • Triangular Bandage/Sling (Head & limbs)Module completed

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Suggested Assessment/ Evaluation Methods

£	Scheme of Internal Assessment of th	neory out of 25	marks		
Sr. No	Theory Quant		Marks	Round off	Final Round off
110				011	IA IA
1.	Class Test I 50 marks			30	Out of 15
2.	Class Test II		75	30	
			Marks		
3.	Written Assignment	2	50	10	
4.	Seminar/Microteaching/individual 2 presentation		50	12	Out of 10
5.	Group project/Work/Report	1	50	6	
6	Attendance		marks, 90-94: 5-89: 1 mark, rk, <80: 0)	2	
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective					
colun	nns marks and the final IA need t				
(15+10).					

Scheme	of Internal Assess	ment of Practical -	out of 25 marks		
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off for IA
1.	Clinical				
	Assignments: -	1	3		
	1 Clinical	1	2		
	Presentation			10	
	2 Drug	1	5		
	presentation &				
	report				
	3 Case study				Total=30/3=10
	Report				
2	Completion of	1	50	3	
	Procedure and				
	Clinical				
	performance				Round off to 10
3	Continuous	1	100	10	
	evaluation of				
	clinical				
	performance				
4	Attendance (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5			2	
		marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5			
		mark, <80: 0)			
5.	End of Posting			5	
	OSCE				

Sessiona	l Examin	ations = 15 m	arks			
Sr. No	Theory	Quantity	Marks	Round off	Final Round off for IA	
1.	OSCE	1	50	10		
2.	DOP	1	50	20	Total=30/2=15	
	Total		100			
(Marks of each component to be rounded of the respective columns marks and the final IA need to be calculated out of 25 (15+10).					Round off to 15	