

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
6. Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
10. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
11. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)
13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
14. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10 (T)	Explain nurses' role in identification, primary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid	<p>Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standing orders: Definition, uses <p>Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Abdominal pain ○ Nausea and vomiting ○ Diarrhea ○ Constipation ○ Jaundice ○ GI bleeding ○ Abdominal distension ○ Dysphagia and dyspepsia ○ Aphthous ulcers <p>Respiratory System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis ○ Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma ○ Hemoptysis, Acute chest pain <p>Heart & Blood</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia ○ Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders <p>Eye & ENT conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eye – local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors • ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness <p>Urinary System</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children <p>First aid in common emergency conditions – Review</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits • Field practice • Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short answer • Essay • Field visit reports • OSCE assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II	20 (T)	Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and childcare, including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings	<p>Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India <p>Antenatal care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling • Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy • Antenatal care at health centre level • Birth preparedness • High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis • Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports <p>Intra natal care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour • Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour • Care of women after labour • Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perineal tears, ruptured uterus • Care of newborn immediately after birth • Maintenance of records and reports • Use of Safe child birth check list • SBA module – Review • Organization of labour room <p>Postpartum care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling • Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression • Postpartum visit by health care provider 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits and field practice • Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short answer • Essay • OSCE assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Promote adolescent health and youth friendly services	<p>Newborn and child care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Review:</i> Essential newborn care • Management of common neonatal problems • Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral • <i>Review:</i> IMNCI Module • Under five clinics <p>Adolescent Health</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys • Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenorrhoea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse • Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme • Youth friendly services: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ SRH Service needs ○ Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication • Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS – balanced counseling strategy) <p>National Programs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems • Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines – Review • Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children • Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) – adolescents <p>Any other new programs</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screen, manage and refer adolescents • Counsel adolescents 	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	<p>Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Demography and vital statistics</i> – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics • Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications • <i>Sources of vital statistics</i> – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system • <i>Morbidity and mortality indicators</i> – Definition, calculation and interpretation • Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India • Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data • <i>Review</i>: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques • Disaggregation of data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits • Field practice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short answer • Essay
IV	6 (T)	<p>Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India</p> <p>Describe the various methods of population control</p>	<p>Population and its Control</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. • Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development • Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) • Emergency Contraception • Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents • Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act • National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) • Family planning 2020 • National Family Welfare Program • Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits • Field practice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short answer • Essay • OSCE assessment • Counseling on family planning
V	5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in	<p>Occupational Health</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Occupational health hazards • Occupational diseases • ESI Act 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Essay • Short answer • Clinical performance

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		occupational health programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National/ State Occupational Health Programs • Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suggested field visits • Field practice 	Evaluation
VI	6 (T)	Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services	Geriatric Health Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health problems of older adults • Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults • Organization of geriatric health services • National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE) • State level programs/Schemes for older adults • Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Visit report on elderly home • Essay • Short answer
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening for mental health problems in the community, take preventive measures and provide appropriate referral services	Mental Health Disorders <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening, management, prevention and referral for mental health disorders • <i>Review:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia ○ Dementia ○ Suicide ○ Alcohol and substance abuse ○ Drug deaddiction program ○ National Mental Health Program ○ National Mental Health Policy ○ National Mental Health Act • Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Health counseling on promotion of mental health • Suggested field visits • Field practice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Essay • Short answer • Counseling report
VIII	4 (T)	Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention	Health Management Information System (HMIS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting formats, data quality issues • <i>Review:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Basic Demography and vital statistics ○ Sources of vital statistics ○ Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Discussion • Demonstration • Role play • Suggested field visits • Field practice • Group project on community diagnosis – data 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Group project report • Essay • Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Collection, analysis, interpretation of data ● Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	management	
IX	12 (T)	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	<p>Management of delivery of community health services:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC ● Manpower planning as per IPHS standards ● Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central ● Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals ● Defense services ● Institutional services ● Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lecture ● Discussion ● Visits to various health care delivery systems ● Supervised field practice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Essay ● Short answer ● Filed visit reports
X	15 (T)	<p>Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management</p> <p>Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs)</p>	<p>Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA ● Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) ● Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities ● Health team management ● <i>Review:</i> Leadership & supervision – concepts, principles & methods ● Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics ● Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers <p>Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Activities for which funds are received 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lecture ● Discussion ● Demonstration ● Role play ● Suggested field visits ● Field practice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Report on interaction with MPHWS, HVs , ASHA, AWWs ● Participation in training programs ● Essay ● Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Accounting and book keeping requirements – accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting ○ Preparing a budget ○ Audit <p>Records & Reports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <i>Concepts of records and reports</i> – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records ● <i>Types of records</i> – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining ● <i>Report writing</i> – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports ● <i>Medical Records Department</i> – functions, filing and retention of medical records ● <i>Electronic Medical Records (EMR)</i> – capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER ● Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting 		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management	<p>Disaster Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disaster types and magnitude ● Disaster preparedness ● Emergency preparedness ● Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome ● Basic disaster supplies kit ● Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques <p>Use disaster management module</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lecture ● Discussion ● Demonstration ● Role play ● Suggested field visits, and field practice ● Mock drills ● Refer Disaster module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies 	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the importance of bio-medical waste management, its process and management	<p>Bio-Medical Waste Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the community ● Waste management in health center/clinics ● Bio-medical waste management guidelines – 2016, 2018 (Review) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lecture cum Discussion ● Field visit to waste management site 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Field visit report
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of	Health Agencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Lecture 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		various national and international health agencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other • National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other • Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discussion • Field visits 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Short answer

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban Rural	2 weeks 2 Weeks	<p>Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common conditions/ emergencies</p> <p>Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care</p> <p>Promote adolescent health</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies • Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn • Conduction of normal delivery at health center • Newborn care • Counsel adolescents • Family planning counselling • Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW • Minor ailments – 2 • Emergencies – 1 • Dental problems – 1 • Eye problems – 1 • Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1 • High risk pregnant woman – 1 • High risk neonate – 1 • Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1 • Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 2 • Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1 • Adolescent counseling – 1 • Family planning counselling – 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical performance assessment • OSCE during posting • Final clinical examination (University) • Clinical performance assessment • OSCE

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		<p>Provide family welfare services</p> <p>Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem</p> <p>Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately</p> <p>Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy</p> <p>Participate in community diagnosis – data management</p> <p>Participate in health centre activities</p> <p>Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community</p> <p>Prepare for disaster preparedness and management</p> <p>Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems • Health assessment of elderly • Mental health screening • Participation in Community diagnosis – data management • Writing health center activity report • Organizing and conducting clinics/camp • Participation in disaster mock drills 	<p>1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban) • Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1 • Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1 • Mental health screening survey – 1 • Group project: Community diagnosis – data management • Write report on health center activities – 1 • Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five clinic/Health camp – 1 • Participation in disaster mock drills • Field visit to bio-medical waste management site • Visit to AYUSH clinic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Family Case study evaluation • Clinical performance evaluation • OSCE • Project evaluation

